STATE OF ARIZONA

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STATE OF ARIZONA

DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE

MAY 1 5 1997

DEPT. OF INSURANCE BY\_\_\_\_\_

In the Matter of ) Docket No. 97A-100 )
SCOTTSDALE INSURANCE COMPANY ) CONSENT ORDER

Respondent.

Examiners for the Department of Insurance (the "Department") conducted a rate and market conduct examination of Scottsdale Insurance Company ("Scottsdale"), NAIC #41297. The Report of Rate Examination of the Affairs of Scottsdale (the "Report") alleges that Scottsdale has violated A.R.S. §§ 20-229, 20-398, 20-400.01, 20-448, 20-451, 20-1676 and 20-1677, and has also violated the Order filed by the Arizona Director of Insurance (the "Director") on July 31, 1991.

Scottsdale wishes to resolve this matter without formal adjudicative proceedings and agrees to this Consent Order.

The Director enters the following Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, which are neither admitted nor denied by Scottsdale, and the following Order.

## FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. Scottsdale is authorized to transact property and casualty insurance in Arizona pursuant to a Certificate of Authority issued by the Director.
- 2. The Examiners were authorized by the Director to conduct an examination of Scottsdale, and reviewed files of 1,013 of the policies issued by Scottsdale from January, 1990 through March 20, 1994. The on-site examination was concluded as of May 24, 1994.

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3. The Director had issued a Consent Order ("the 1991 Order"), Docket No. 7497, following the previous market conduct examination of Scottsdale as of March 13, 1990. The Director ordered Scottsdale, in pertinent part, as follows:

[Scottsdale] shall cease and desist from using rates and rate supplementary information not previously filed with and approved by the [Department]; from issuing policies with premiums not consistent with its filings; [and] from failing to document all files with facts supporting any adjustments to the full manual premium.

- Scottsdale is a member of the Insurance Services Office ("ISO"), a property and casualty (P&C) rating organization duly licensed by the ADOI to file rates on behalf of its members. ISO has filed rates on behalf of Scottsdale, to which Scottsdale has filed deviations. Scottsdale has also filed certain rates on its own. Both the rates filed by ISO and rates and rules filed by Scottsdale are hereinafter referred to as its "filed rates and rules".
- 5. The Examiners reviewed a total of 538 commercial lines policies issued by Scottsdale: 136 commercial package ("CP") policies, 350 general liability ("GL") policies, and 52 commercial automobile ("CA") policies.
- 6. Scottsdale failed to document the facts supporting adjustments to full manual premiums on 39 policies (7% of those reviewed by the Examiners), by:
- a. failing to include any documentation in support of the Schedule/IRPM credits given on three CP policies, seven GL policies, and seven CA policies.
- b. failing to document the reasons for schedule credits and debits given on three GL policies.

- c. failing to document the reasons for the change in schedule/IRPM credit/debit on the renewal of 11 GL policies and four CA policies.
- d. issuing four GL policies where the documentation of schedule credits and debits was different that the credits and debits actually used in computing the premium.
- 7. Scottsdale failed to include policy rating worksheets in the files of seven CP policies, six GL policies and one CA policy (3%).
- 8. Scottsdale issued 62 of the 538 policies examined (12%) at premiums which varied from premiums determined using its filed rates and rules, a total of 78 rating errors, by:
- a. failing to apply package modifiers in rating five CP policies. As a result, the insureds were overcharged by a total of \$1,953.
- b. applying an unfiled modifier to the rating of one CA policy and its renewal. As a result, the insured paid \$181 more than it should have paid.
- c. applying an upward deviation to one CP policy which did not qualify for the deviation. As a result, the insured paid \$988 more than it should have paid.
- d. applying an upward deviation to one GL policy which did not qualify for the deviation. As a result, the insured paid \$5,256 more than it should have paid.
- e. failing to apply the filed upward deviation to four qualifying GL policies, and failing to apply the schedule credit to one of these policies. As a result, two insureds paid a total of \$3,741 less than they should have paid, and one

insured paid \$1,025 more than it should have paid. The difference in the amount charged the remaining insured is included in the amount shown in Finding of Fact 6(s) below.

- f. applying an unfiled factor in rating one CP policy. As a result, the insured was undercharged in the amount of \$214.
- g. failing to used filed increased limits factors on three GL policies. As a result, one insured paid \$418 less than it should have paid, and one paid \$811 more than it should have paid. The remaining insured's premium difference was calculated within a separate criticism.
- h. failing to use the correct premises/operations deductible factor in rating one GL policy. As a result, the insured paid \$21 less than he should have paid.
- i. exceeding an individual risk characteristic credit/debit allowable under the Schedule Rating Plan on one CA policy.
- j. applied a credit of 13.2% on one CA policy, rather than the documented schedule debit of 13.2%. As a result, the insured paid \$488 less than it should have paid.
- k. failing to use filed rates in the rating of one CP policy. As a result, the insured was overcharged by \$202.
- 1. failing to use filed rates in determining the premiums of 14 GL policies. As a result, six insureds were overcharged by a total of \$41,187, and seven insureds were undercharged by a total of \$10,609. The difference in the amount charged the remaining insured is included in the amount shown in Finding of Fact 6(s) below.

m. failing to use filed rates in determining the premiums of three CA policies. As a result, two insureds were overcharged by a total of \$1,201 and one insured was undercharged by \$624.

n. issuing one CP policy at a rate other than the filed rate for the class. As a result, the insured was overcharged in the amount of \$837.

o. misclassifying a vehicle for rating purposes on one CA policy. As a result, the insureds paid \$41 less than it should have paid.

p. applying an unfiled charge for special events to four CP policies and five GL policies. As a result, the insureds paid a total of \$1,600 more than they should have paid.

q. issuing three GL policies with unfiled "A" rates. As a result, one insured paid \$182 more than he should have paid. The Examiners were unable to determine the premium differences for the other two insureds.

r. issuing one GL policy at a rate other than the filed "A" rate. As a result, the insured paid \$4,534 less than it should have paid.

- s. applying filed minimum premiums other than those filed with the Department on five GL policies. As a result, the insureds paid a total of \$1,262 more than they should have paid.
- t. failing to charge a premium for certain coverages or exposures on three GL policies. As a result, two insureds were undercharged by a total of \$2,041. The Examiners were unable to determine the amount of overcharge or undercharge on the remaining policy.

u. failing to calculate the amount of premium due on the basis of its filed rules, on two GL policies. As a result, one insured was overcharged by \$889 and one insured was undercharged by \$586.

- v. issuing three CP policies with an unfiled charge for additional insured endorsements. As a result, the insureds were overcharged by a total of \$300.
- w. issuing 10 GL policies with 12 additional interest endorsements charged for the endorsements other than as stated in its filed rates and rules. As a result, three insureds paid \$1,038 more than they should have paid and five insureds paid \$3,982 less than they should have paid. The remaining insureds' premium differences were calculated within a separate criticism.
- 9. Scottsdale issued a total of 75 policies (14%) using forms not filed with the Department, or failing to use forms required by its filings, by:
- a. issuing five CP policies, 16 GL policies, and six CA policies with its unfiled General Liability Endorsement GLS-3, which provides for a 25% minimum earned premium in case of cancellation at the request of the insured.
- b. attaching two unfiled manuscript endorsements, Additional Insured Designated Person or Organization and Lifeguard/Swimming Warranty, to 13 GL policies and attached an unfiled Additional Insureds endorsement to four GL policies.
- c. issuing four GL policies and 37 CA policies without the Arizona Cancellation Endorsement, which Scottsdale's filings require to be a part of each policy.

10. The Examiners found that Scottsdale issued three GL policies where it had reduced the premium to meet a quote or competition. As a result, two insureds were undercharged by a total of \$607.00.

11. Scottsdale failed to send notices of nonrenewal to ten CP insureds and six GL insureds 60 days prior to the expiration dates of their policies.

12. Scottsdale failed notify to notify 72 insureds of premium increase or policy changes as required by law. Scottsdale failed to send any notice of premium increase or policy change to 23 CP insureds and 42 GL insureds, and failed to send such notices to seven GL insureds at least 60 days in advance of the changes.

13. Scottsdale issued two GL policies which were not countersigned by service representatives, managing general agents or agents who were licensed Arizona residents.

# CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

1. By making adjustments to full manual premiums developed for commercial policies without adequate justification for the adjustments, Scottsdale violated A.R.S. § 20-400.01(B) and the 1991 Order.

2. By calculating commercial policy premiums other than on the basis of its rates and rules filed pursuant to A.R.S. § 20-385(A), and by developing premiums for commercial risks on the basis of adjustments to full manual premium made without adequate justification, Scottsdale violated A.R.S. § 20-400.01(A) and the 1991 Order.

- 3. By failing to maintain reasonable records of information used in developing the premiums charged for commercial risks, Scottsdale violated A.R.S. § 20-400.01(D).
- 4. By issuing endorsements not filed with the Department, and by failing to attach the Arizona Cancellation Endorsement to commercial policies, Scottsdale violated A.R.S. § 20-398(A).
- 5. By reducing premiums based on filed rates to reach target premiums, Scottsdale gave discounts to the insureds as inducements to insurance in violation of A.R.S. § 20-451, and unfairly discriminated in favor of these insureds as to the premium charged, in violation of  $\Lambda$ .R.S. § 20-448(C).
- 6. By failing to send notices of nonrenewal of commercial policies at least sixty (60) days before the expiration date of the policy, Scottsdale violated  $\Lambda$ .R.S. § 20-1676(B).
- 7. By failing to send notices of premium increase, change in deductible or substantial reduction in coverage of commercial policies at least sixty (60) days before the expiration date of commercial policies, Scottsdale violated A.R.S. § 20-1677(A).
- 8. By issuing policies which were not countersigned by a service representative, managing general agent or agent licensed in Arizona, Scottsdale violated A.R.S. § 20-229.
- 9. Grounds exist for the entry of the provisions of the following Order.

#### ORDER

Scottsdale having admitted the jurisdiction of the Director to enter this Order, having waived the Notice of Hearing, having consented to the entry of this Order, and there being no just reason for delay:

### IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT:

- 1. Scottsdale shall not:
  - a. knowingly violate orders of the Director;
- b. fail to document the facts in support of adjustments to full manual premiums;
- c. issue policies at premiums other than those based determined upon the basis of its filed rates and rules;
  - d. issue policy forms not filed with the Department;
- e. fail to issue the Arizona Cancellation Endorsement with all commercial policies.
- f. fail to mail notices of nonrenewal to insureds at least 60 days prior to the effective date of non-renewal.
- g. fail to mail notices of premium increase or policy change to insureds at least 60 days prior to the effective date of any premium increase or policy change.
- 2. Within ninety (90) days of this Order's filed date, Scottsdale shall submit to the Director written action plans to monitor Arizona issued policies to ensure the following:
- a. that personnel use only rates, rating plans and rating rules which have been filed with the ADOI by Respondents or on their behalf;
- b. that policy worksheets are prepared and retained in policy files; that all endorsements issued with policies are filed with the Department;
- c. that the Arizona Cancellation Endorsement is issued with all commercial policies;
- d. that personnel document facts to support any adjustment to full manual premiums;

- e. that all insureds are sent notices of nonrenewal at least 60 days in advance of the effective date of the nonrenewal;
- f. and that all insureds are sent notices of premium increase or policy change at least 60 days in advance of the effective date of the premium increase or policy change.
- 3. Within 90 days of the filed date of this Order, Scottsdale shall file a rate or range of rates or percentage of premium to be applied to its additional interest endorsements and special events endorsements.
- 4. Within ninety (90) days of the filed date of this Order, Scottsdale shall reimburse the 28 policyholders listed in Exhibit A of this Order, for premium overcharges totalling \$58,633 plus interest at the rate of ten percent (10%) per annum calculated from the date paid by the insured to the date of repayment to the insured.
- 5. All reimbursements pursuant to Paragraphs 4 and 5 above shall be accompanied by a letter acceptable to the Director. A list of reimbursements, giving the name and address of each party reimbursed, the amount of the overcharge, the amount of interest paid, and the date of payment, shall be furnished to the Market Conduct Examinations Division of the ADOI within 100 days of the filed date of this Order.
- 6. The Department shall be permitted, through authorized representatives, to verify that Scottsdale has fully complied with all requirements of this Order.
- 7. Scottsdale shall pay a civil penalty of \$27,000 to the Director for remission to the State Treasurer for deposit in the

State General Fund in accordance with A.R.S. §20-220(B). The civil penalty shall be provided to the Market Conduct Examinations Division of the Department before this Order is filed.

8. The May 24, 1994 Report of Examination, objections to the Report filed by Scottsdale, shall be filed with the Department after issuance of this Order.

DATED at Phoenix, Arizona this 13 day of MW

Director of Insurance

# CONSENT TO ORDER

- 1. Respondent Scottsdale Insurance Company has reviewed the attached Consent Order.
- Respondent is aware of its right to a hearing at which hearing it may be represented by counsel, present evidence and

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cross-examine witnesses. Respondent has irrevocably waived its right both to demand a public hearing and to seek judicial review of this Order.

- 3. Respondent admits the jurisdiction of the Arizona
  Department of Insurance and the Director of the Arizona
  Department of Insurance, and consents to the entry of this
  Consent Order. Respondent neither admits nor denies the
  Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law stated in the Order.
- 4. Respondent states that no promise of any kind or nature whatsoever was made to it to induce it to enter into this Consent Order and that it has entered into this Consent Order voluntarily.
- 5. Respondent acknowledges that the acceptance of this Order by the Director of the Arizona Department of Insurance is solely for the purpose of settling this matter and does not preclude any other agency or officer of this state or its subdivisions or any other person from instituting proceedings, whether civil, criminal, or administrative, as may be appropriate now or in the future.
- 6. R. Max Williamson , who holds the office of President of Scottsdale Insurance Company, is authorized to enter into this Order for and on its behalf.

  SCOTTSDALE INSURANCE COMPANY

April 29, 1997

(Date)

By R. may Williamson

COPY of the foregoing mailed/delivered this <u>15th</u> day of May, 1997, to:

Charles R. Cohen Deputy Director Gregory Y. Harris Executive Assistant Director Erin H. Klug Chief Market Conduct Examiner Mary Butterfield Assistant Director Life & Health Division Deloris E. Williamson Assistant Director Rates & Regulations Division Gary Torticill Assistant Director and Chief Financial Examiner Corporate & Financial Affairs Division Cathy O'Neil Assistant Director Consumer Services Division John Gagne Assistant Director Investigations Division Terry L. Cooper Fraud Unit Chief

DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE 2910 North 44th Street, Suite 210 Phoenix, AZ 85018

J. Michael Low, Esq. Low & Childers, P.C. 2999 North 44th Street, Suite 250 Phoenix, Arizona 85018

Curvey Burton

# SCOTTSDALE INSURANCE COMPANY PREMIUM REFUNDS

Policy #	Re	Refund	
006741	\$	100	
008433	\$	100	
008680	\$	121	
009480	\$	100	
009676	\$	1,559	
010277	\$	100	
011988	\$	162	
012051	\$	29,207	
013105	\$	1,080	
025417	\$	889	
025473	\$	5,256	
025486	\$	822	
030869	\$	1,107	
032804	\$	837	
037832	\$	874	
037841	\$	202	
047222	\$	770	
054831	\$	811	
054851	\$	376	
061306	\$	988	
061776	\$	250	
141219	\$	182	
293679	\$	10,298	
311316	\$	90	
352682	\$	71	
377459	\$	1,525	
386853	\$	575	
025568	\$	181	
TOTAL	\$	58,633	